

# GPT (ALT)

NADH. Kinetic UV. IFCC rec. Liquid

# Quantitative determination of alanine aminotransferase GPT (ALT) IVD

Store at 2-8°C

# PRINCIPLE OF THE METHOD

Alanine aminotranferase (ALT) or Glutamate pyruvate transaminase (GPT) catalyses the reversible transfer of an amino group from alanine to αketoglutarate forming glutamate and piruvate.

The piruvate produced is reduced to lactate by lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) and NADH:

L-Alanine + 
$$\alpha$$
-Ketoglutarate  $\xrightarrow{ALT}$  Glutamate + Piruvate  
Piruvate + NADH + H<sup>+</sup>  $\xrightarrow{LDH}$  Lactate + NAD<sup>+</sup>

The rate of decrease in concentration of NADH, measured photometrically, is proportional to the catalytic concentration of ALT present in the sample

#### CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

The ALT is a cellular enzyme, found in highest concentration in liver and

High levels are observed in hepatic disease like hepatitis, diseases of muscles and traumatisms, its better application is in the diagnosis of the diseases of the liver

When they are used in conjunction with AST aid in the diagnosis of infarcts in the myocardium, since the value of the ALT stays within the normal limits in the presence of elevated levels of AST<sup>1,4,5</sup>.

Clinical diagnosis should not be made on a single test result; it should integrate clinical and other laboratory data.

#### REAGENTS

R 1 Buffer	TRIS pH 7,8 Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) L-Alanine	100 mmol/L 1200 U/L 500 mmol/L
R 2	NADH	0,18 mmol/L
Substrate	α-Ketoglutarate	15 mmol/L

# PRECAUTIONS

R1: H290-May be corrosive to metals.

Follow the precautionary statements given in MSDS and label of the product.

# PREPARATION

Working reagent (WR):

Mix: 4 vol. (R1) Buffer + 1 vol. (R2) Substrate.

Stability: 21 days at 2-8°C or 72 hours at room temperature (15-25°C).

# STORAGE AND STABILITY

All the components of the kit are stable until the expiration date on the label when stored tightly closed at 2-8°C, protected from light and contaminations prevented during their use

Do not use reagents over the expiration date

# Signs of reagent deterioration:

- Presence of particles and turbidity
- Blank absorbance (A) at 340 nm < 1,00.</li>

# ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Spectrophotometer or colorimeter measuring at 340 nm.
- Thermostatic bath at 25°C, 30°C ó 37° C (± 0,1°C).
- Matched cuvettes 1,0 cm light path.
- General laboratory equipment.

# SAMPLES

Serum or plasma1: Stability 7 days at 2-8°C.

# **PROCEDURE**

1.	Assay conditions:
	Wavelength:
	Cuvette:
	Constant temperature:

- Adjust the instrument to zero with distilled water or air.
- Pipette into a cuvette:

WR (mL)	1,0	
Sample (µL)	100	

- Mix, incubate for 1 minute.
- Read initial absorbance (A) of the sample, start the stopwatch and read absorbances at 1 minute intervals thereafter for 3 minutes.
- Calculate the difference between absorbances and the average absorbance differences per minute (ΔA/min).

#### CALCULATIONS

 $\Delta A/min \times 1750 = U/L \text{ of ALT}$ 

**Units:** One international unit (IU) is the amount of enzyme that transforms 1  $\mu$ mol of substrate per minute, in standard conditions. The concentration is expressed in units per litre of sample (U/L).

# Temperature conversion factors

To correct results to other temperatures multiply by:

Assay		Conversion factor to	)
temperature	25°C	30°C	37°C
25°C	1,00	1,32	1,82
30°C	0,76	1,00	1,39
37°C	0,55	0,72	1,00

#### QUALITY CONTROL

Control sera are recommended to monitor the performance of assay procedures: SPINTROL H Normal and Pathologic (Ref. 1002120 and 1002210)

If control values are found outside the defined range, check the instrument, reagents and technique for problems.

Each laboratory should establish its own Quality Control scheme and corrective actions if controls do not meet the acceptable tolerances.

# REFERENCE VALUES<sup>4,5</sup>

	25°C	30°C	37°C
Men	up to 22 U/L	29 U/L	40 U/L
Women	up to 18 U/L	22 U/L	32 U/L

Normal newborns have been reported to show a reference range of up to double the adult, attributed to the neonate's hepatocytes. These values decline to adult levels by approximately 3 months of age.

These values are for orientation purpose; each laboratory should establish its own reference range.

# PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Measuring range: From detection limit of 0 U/L to linearity limit of 400 U/L. If the results obtained were greater than linearity limit, dilute the sample 1/10 with NaCl 9 g/L and multiply the result by 10.

# Precision:

	Intra-assay (n=20)	
Mean (U/L)	42,0	116
SD	0,47	0,42
CV (%)	1,11	0,36

Inter-ass	ay (n=20)
41,1	115
0,76	1,61
1,85	1,40

Sensitivity: 1 U/L =  $0.00052 \Delta A/min$ .

Accuracy: Results obtained using SPINREACT reagents (y) did not show systematic differences when compared with other commercial reagents (x).

The results obtained using 50 samples were the following: Correlation coefficient (r)<sup>2</sup>: 0,99597.

Regression equation: y=1,1209x + 1,390

The results of the performance characteristics depend on the analyzer used.

# INTERFERENCES

Anticoagulants currently in use like heparin, EDTA, oxalate and fluoride do not affect the results. Hemolysis interferes with the assay

A list of drugs and other interfering substances with ALT determination has been

# NOTES

SPINREACT has instruction sheets for several automatic analyzers.

# BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- Young DS. Effects of drugs on Clinical Lab. Tests, 4th ed AACC Press, 1995.
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# **PACKAGING**

Ref: 41280		R1: 1 x 60 mL R2: 1 x 15 mL	
Ref: 41282	Cont.	R1: 1 x 240 mL R2: 1 x 60 mL	
Ref: 41283	i de	R1: 1 x 480 mL R2: 1 x 120 mL	